

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

This Listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1 and 2 (Canceled).

3. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 10, wherein the surgical procedure is an elective surgical procedure or an emergency surgical procedure.

4. (Previously presented) The method according to Claim 3, wherein the elective surgical procedure is a gastrointestinal procedure, heart surgery, nose and throat surgery, an abdominal procedure, vascular or joint surgery, or transplantations.

5. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 3, wherein the emergency surgical procedure is trauma surgery or procedures for clearing up a septic focus.

6. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 10, wherein the green tea extract includes theanine and polyphenols derived from catechin derivatives.

7. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 6, wherein the catechin derivatives are selected from the group consisting of (-)-epigallocatechin gallate (EGCg), (-)-epigallocatechin (EGG), (-)-epicatechin gallate (ECg), (+)-gallocatechin (GC), (-)-epicatechin (EC), (+)-catechin (C) and combinations of two or more constituents thereof.

8. (Cancelled)

9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10, wherein said composition further comprises as component c) glycine, a glycine precursor in the form of a di- or tripeptide, or the physiologically tolerated salts thereof or combinations thereof.

10. (Currently amended) A method for averting or reducing the risk of postoperative ischemia-reperfusion injury comprising the step of gastrointestinally administering to a surgical patient a composition comprising

- a) green tea extract and
- b) at least one NO donor which is a substrate of NO synthetase, or a precursor of this NO donor, wherein said NO donor and precursor are selected from the group consisting of glutamine, and precursors of glutamine in the form of a di- or tripeptide containing glutamine, or the physiologically tolerated salts or combinations thereof, and wherein administration of the composition ~~takes place~~ begins less than twenty-four hours before a surgical procedure.

Claims 11-15. (Cancelled)

16. (Currently amended) A formulation for gastrointestinal administration to a surgical patient before surgical procedures to reduce the risk of postoperative ischemia-reperfusion injury or to avert such a risk comprising a composition comprising

- a) green tea extract and
- b) 1 – 150 grams/1,000 ml ~~0.1—150 grams/1,000 ml~~ of said formulation of at least one NO donor which is a substrate of NO synthetase, or a precursor of this NO donor, wherein said NO donor and precursor are selected from the group consisting of glutamine, and precursors of glutamine in the form of a di- or tripeptide containing glutamine, or the physiologically tolerated salts or combinations thereof.

17. (Cancelled)

18. (Previously presented) The formulation of Claim 16, wherein the green tea extract includes theanine and polyphenols derived from catechin derivatives.

19. (Previously presented) The formulation of Claim 18, wherein the catechin derivatives are selected from the group consisting of (-)-epigallocatechin gallate (EGCg), (-)-epigallocatechin (EGG), (-)-epicatechin gallate (ECg), (+)-gallocatechin (GC), (-)-epicatechin (EC), (+)-catechin (C) and combinations of two or more constituents thereof.

20. (Cancelled)

21. (Previously presented) The formulation of Claim 16, wherein said composition further comprises as component c) glycine, a glycine precursor in the form of a di- or tripeptide, or the physiologically tolerated salts thereof or combinations thereof.

Claims 22-24 (cancelled)

25. (Currently amended) A method for averting or reducing the risk of postoperative ischemia-reperfusion injury comprising the step of gastrointestinally administering to a surgical patient a composition comprising

- a) green tea extract and
- b) glutamine,

wherein administration of the composition ~~takes place~~ begins less than twenty-four hours before a surgical procedure.

26. (Previously presented) The formulation of claim 16, wherein said component b) is glutamine.

27. (Previously presented) The formulation of claim 16, wherein said component b) is at least one precursor of glutamine in the form of a di- or tripeptide containing glutamine, or the physiologically tolerated salts or combinations thereof.

28. (Previously presented) The formulation of claim 16, wherein said composition comprises 0.01- 2.0 grams/1,000 ml of said formulation of component a) green tea extract.

29. (Cancelled)

30. (Currently amended) The method of claim 10, wherein ~~said composition is administered~~ administration of said composition to said surgical patient begins less than twelve hours before a surgical procedure.

31. (Currently amended) The method of claim 10, wherein ~~said composition is administered~~ administration of said composition to said surgical patient begins less than six hours before a surgical procedure.

32. (Currently amended) ~~the~~ The method of claim 10, wherein ~~said composition is administered~~ administration of said composition to said surgical patient begins less than three hours before a surgical procedure.

33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10, wherein component b) is at least one precursor of glutamine in the form of a di- or tripeptide containing glutamine, or the physiologically tolerated salts or combinations thereof.